

Why Emerging Markets?

January 2024



Summary Points

▪ Emerging Markets Main Points:

- You should not turn your back on emerging markets.
 - **Emerging Markets Are Large & Significant:**
 - 6.8B people live within emerging markets representing ~58% of global GDP⁽¹⁾
 - **Emerging Markets Are Secularly Growing:**
 - Over the last decade emerging markets have contributed to +60% of global GDP growth and going forward will continue to grow ~2x developed economies⁽¹⁾
 - Emerging markets are secularly growing as the world continues to embrace globalization as countries' comparative advantages will always exist. Certainly, there are periods of deglobalization, but the long-term secular trend is intact – in fact there has been a 143% increase in globalization since 1970 measured through the percentage of global exports of goods and services as a % of global GDP.⁽²⁾
 - **Emerging Markets Hold A Wealth of Opportunity**
 - Emerging markets EPS growth is ~4x developed markets going forward⁽³⁾
 - Emerging markets relative valuation compared to US equities is at a +50 year low⁽⁴⁾
 - We estimate a minimum opportunity of US\$50 trillion as emerging markets increase in standard of living, modernize, and fulfill unmet needs.⁽¹⁾
- **Emerging Markets Supportive Points**
 - Since inception, EM markets have outperformed US markets though there are periods of underperformance and outperformance.
 - US markets are historically extremely concentrated, adding emerging markets exposure is prudent risk management. Indeed since 2011, emerging markets have underperformed US markets, but we do not see this trend continuing as there is a substantial economic opportunity ahead.
 - The Hang Seng Index's P/E is currently below the Nasdaq's P/B, and these two valuation ratios should not be anywhere close to each other. This discrepancy presents incredible opportunities
 - Ali baba trades at a P/S ratio as low as Campbell's soup, but instead of selling soups, Baba has one of the largest cloud computing franchises in the world with over \$11B USD of revenue and growing at a healthy rate

1. IMF, Letko Brosseau Estimates
2. Worldbank, Letko Brosseau
3. Bloomberg

4. Bank of America

You Should Not Turn Your Back On Emerging Markets⁽¹⁾

6.8B

People within emerging markets⁽¹⁾

58%

Emerging market's share of global GDP⁽¹⁾

+60%

Contribution to past decade of Global GDP growth⁽¹⁾

2x

EM long run GDP growth rate is more than double DM's long run growth rate⁽¹⁾

143%

Increase in globalization and interconnected since 1970⁽²⁾

50+

Year historic low for EM equities relative price discount to US equities⁽³⁾

\$50T+

Opportunity of emerging market GDP growth through addressing unmet needs⁽⁴⁾

~4x

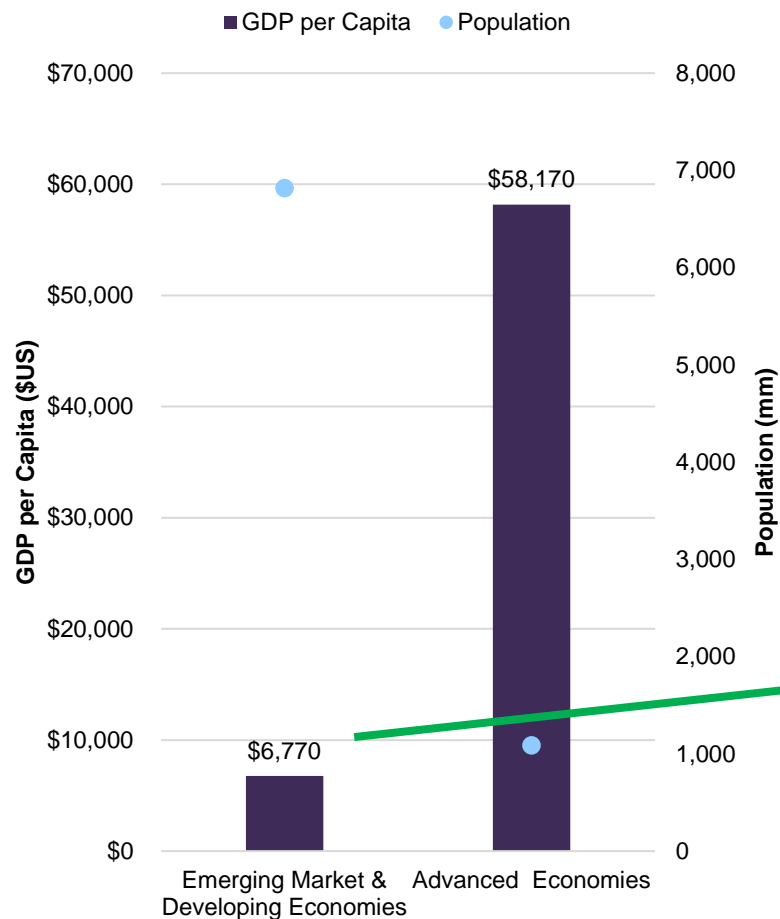
Emerging markets earnings per share growth rate versus developed markets⁽⁵⁾

Emerging markets are large, secularly growing, trade at attractive valuations, and hold a wealth of opportunity - US\$50T+ of emerging GDP growth with 4x EPS growth

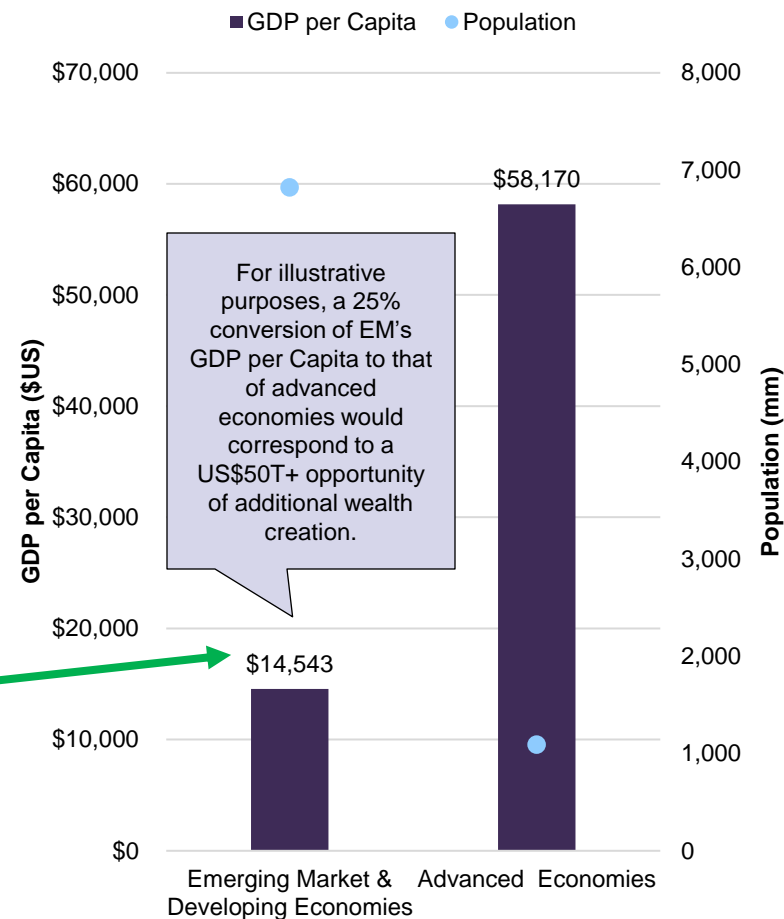
1. IMF, 2023. Contribution based on PPP; billions of international dollars, current prices.
2. Worldbank, percentage increase in global exports of goods and services as a % of GDP. This has increased on average 1.9% per year from 12.7% in 1970 to 31.0% in 2022.
3. Bank of America
4. Letko Brosseau estimates, IMF, US dollars, incremental GDP growth, assumes GDP per capita of emerging economies converge to a mere 25% of advanced economies.
5. Bloomberg, 2023-2025 total earnings per share growth estimates of the MXWO (MSCI World) and MXEF (MSCI EM) index.

The \$50T Emerging Market Wealth Creation Opportunity

EM versus DM Population & GDP Per Capita (2023)⁽¹⁾



A 25% GDP per Capita Conversion To Advanced Economies (20XX)



For illustrative purposes, converting 25% of EM's GDP per Capita to match that of advanced economies could unlock a wealth creation opportunity exceeding \$50 trillion.

1. IMF, US dollars, LBA Estimates

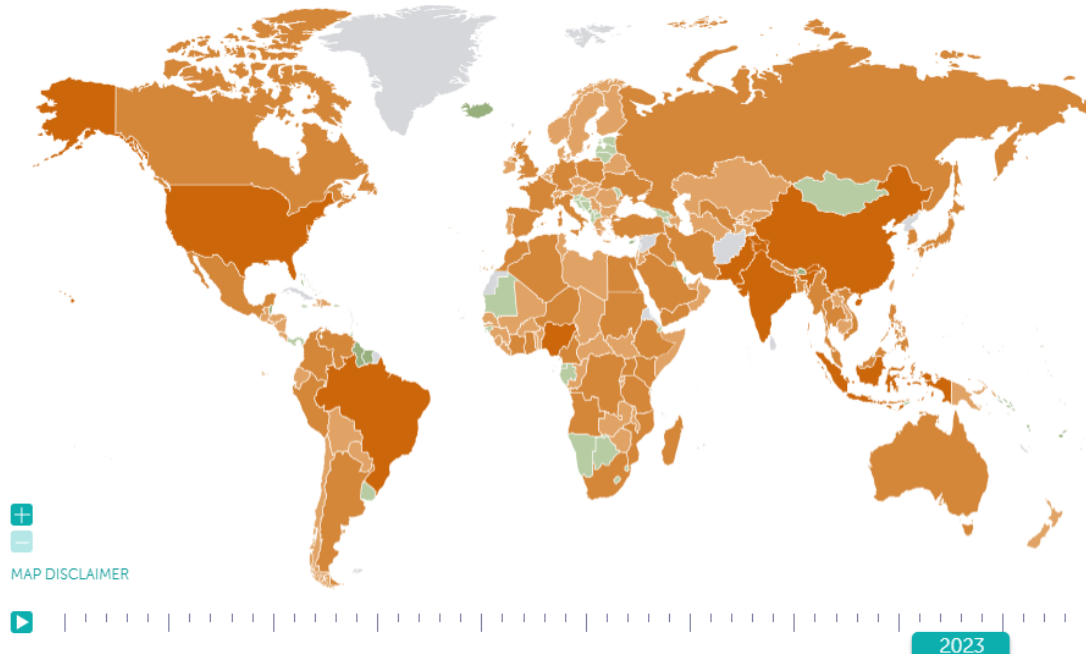
Emerging Markets Encompass The Majority of Global Population⁽¹⁾

Population ⁱ

Millions of people

MAP (2023)

● 200 or more ● 25 - 200 ● 5 - 25 ● 1 - 5 ● Less than 1 ● no data



LIST (2023)

Country	Region	Analytical group
Analytical group ^		Value
World		7.84 thousand
Sub-Saharan Africa		1.14 thousand
Other advanced economies		175.99
Middle East and Central Asia		848.6
Major advanced economies (G7)		776.2
Latin America and the Caribbean		639.6
European Union		446.35
Euro area		347.31
Emerging market and developing economies		6.75 thousand
Emerging and Developing Europe		364.5
Emerging and Developing Asia		3.76 thousand
ASEAN-5		499.23
Advanced economies		1.09 thousand

Emerging market and developing economies represents 86% of global population

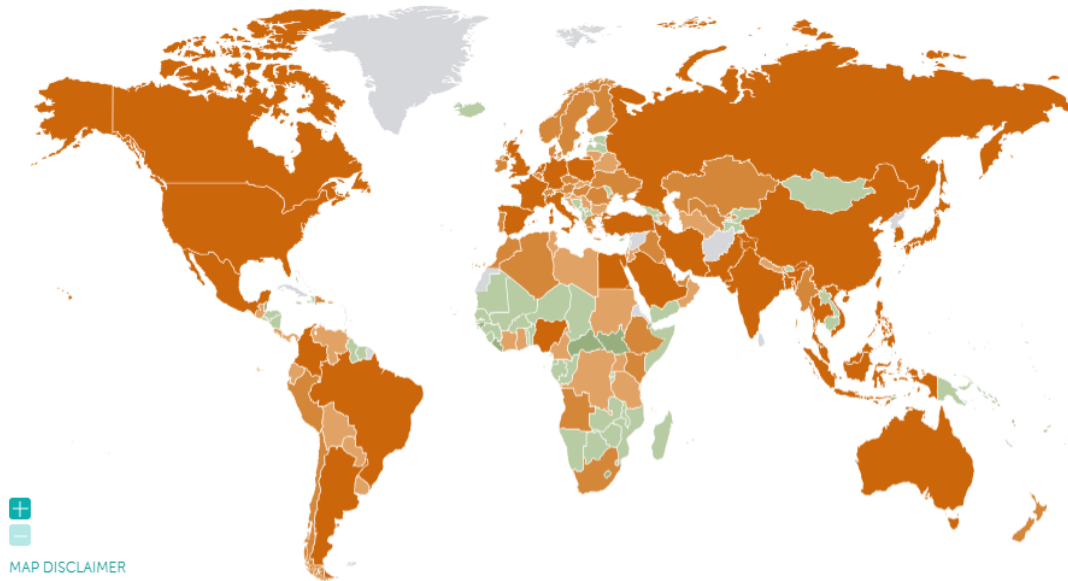
Emerging Markets Encompass Majority of Global GDP⁽¹⁾

GDP, current prices ⁱ

Purchasing power parity; billions of international dollars

MAP (2023)

1000 or more 250 - 1000 100 - 250 10 - 100 under 10 no data



LIST (2023)

Country	Region	Analytical group
Analytical group ▼ Value		
Advanced economies		71.92 thousand
ASEAN-5		9.23 thousand
Emerging and Developing Asia		58.5 thousand
Emerging and Developing Europe		12.93 thousand
Emerging market and developing economies		102.87 thousand
Euro area		no data
European Union		25.43 thousand
Latin America and the Caribbean		12.81 thousand
Major advanced economies (G7)		52.3 thousand
Middle East and Central Asia		13.13 thousand
Other advanced economies		11.62 thousand
Sub-Saharan Africa		5.5 thousand
World		174.79 thousand

Emerging market and developing economies represents 58% global GDP

1. IMF, based on PPP, share of world)

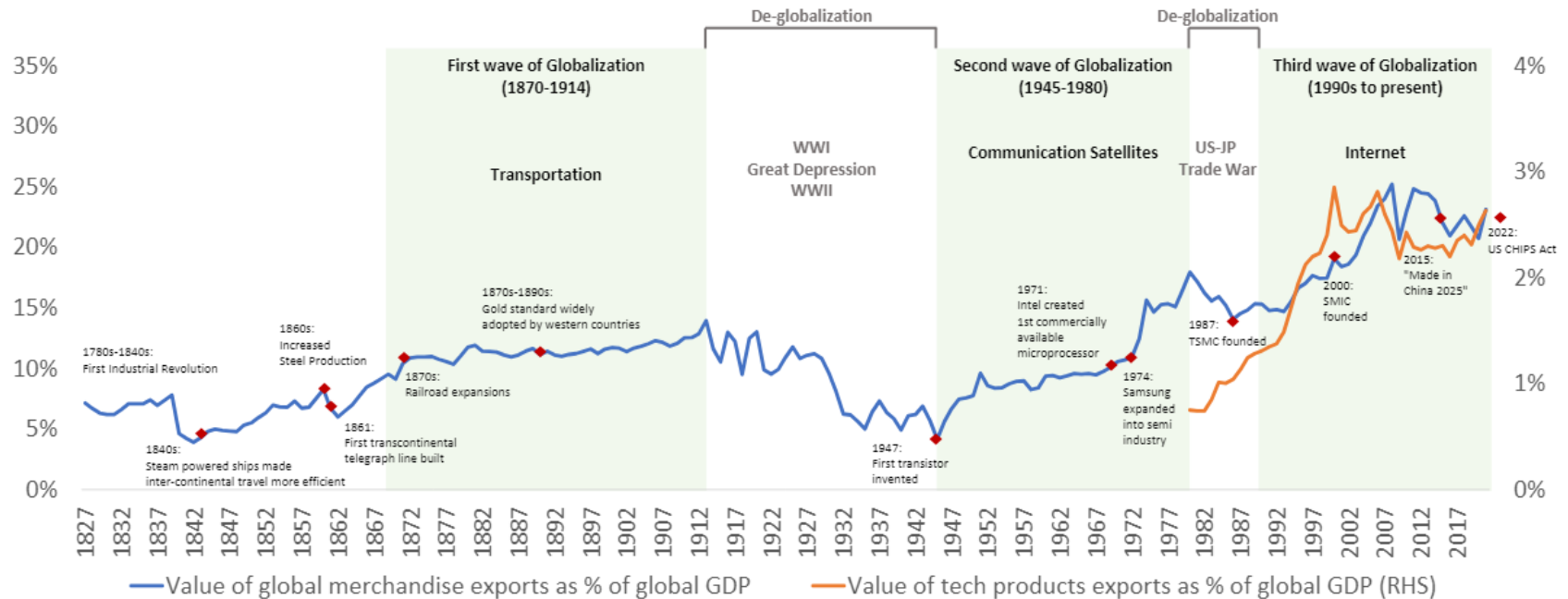
Emerging Markets Have The Highest Long Term GDP Growth⁽¹⁾



Emerging market and developing economies long-term real GDP growth is +2x advanced economies

1. IME

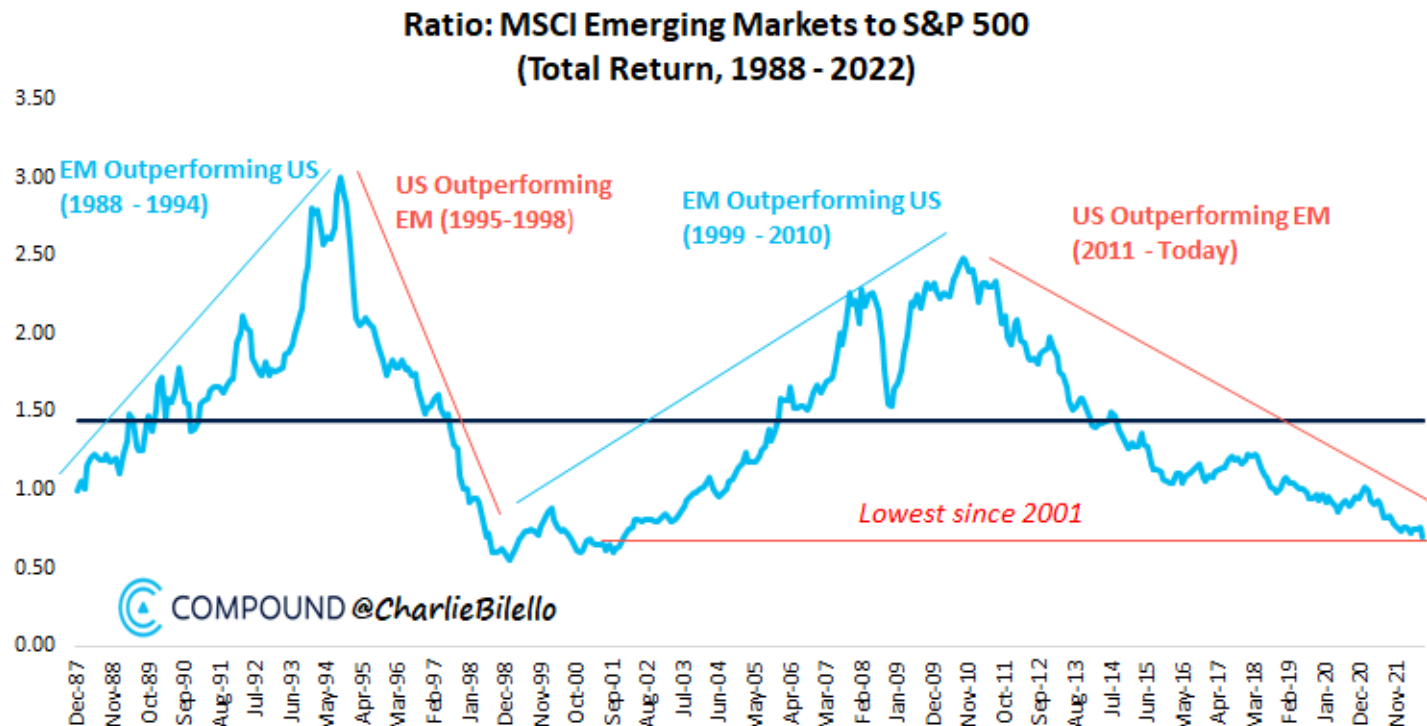
Globalization Is A Long-Term Secular Winner⁽¹⁾



We see examples of deglobalization, but supply chains are complex, and countries do have comparative advantages (TSMC, Samsung, HK Hyneix) implying the world will continue to be interconnected.

1. WTO, Worldbank, CEPII, Morgan Stanley

EM Relative Performance Has Been Cyclical



Period	MSCI EM Total Return	S&P 500 Total Return	Differential
Jan 1988 - Sep 1994	599%	133%	466%
Oct 1994 - Jan 1999	-44%	202%	-246%
Feb 1999 - Sep 2010	392%	10%	382%
Oct 2010 - July 2022	28%	357%	-329%

Since inception, EM markets have outperformed US markets though there are notable periods of underperformance and outperformance.

US Markets Are Concentrated, Why Not Add Some EM?



US equity market concertation is close to a historic high, adding emerging markets exposure is a prudent risk management strategy.

EM Stocks Are Incredibly Attractive⁽¹⁾

Chart 7: EM equities vs. US equities at 50-year lows

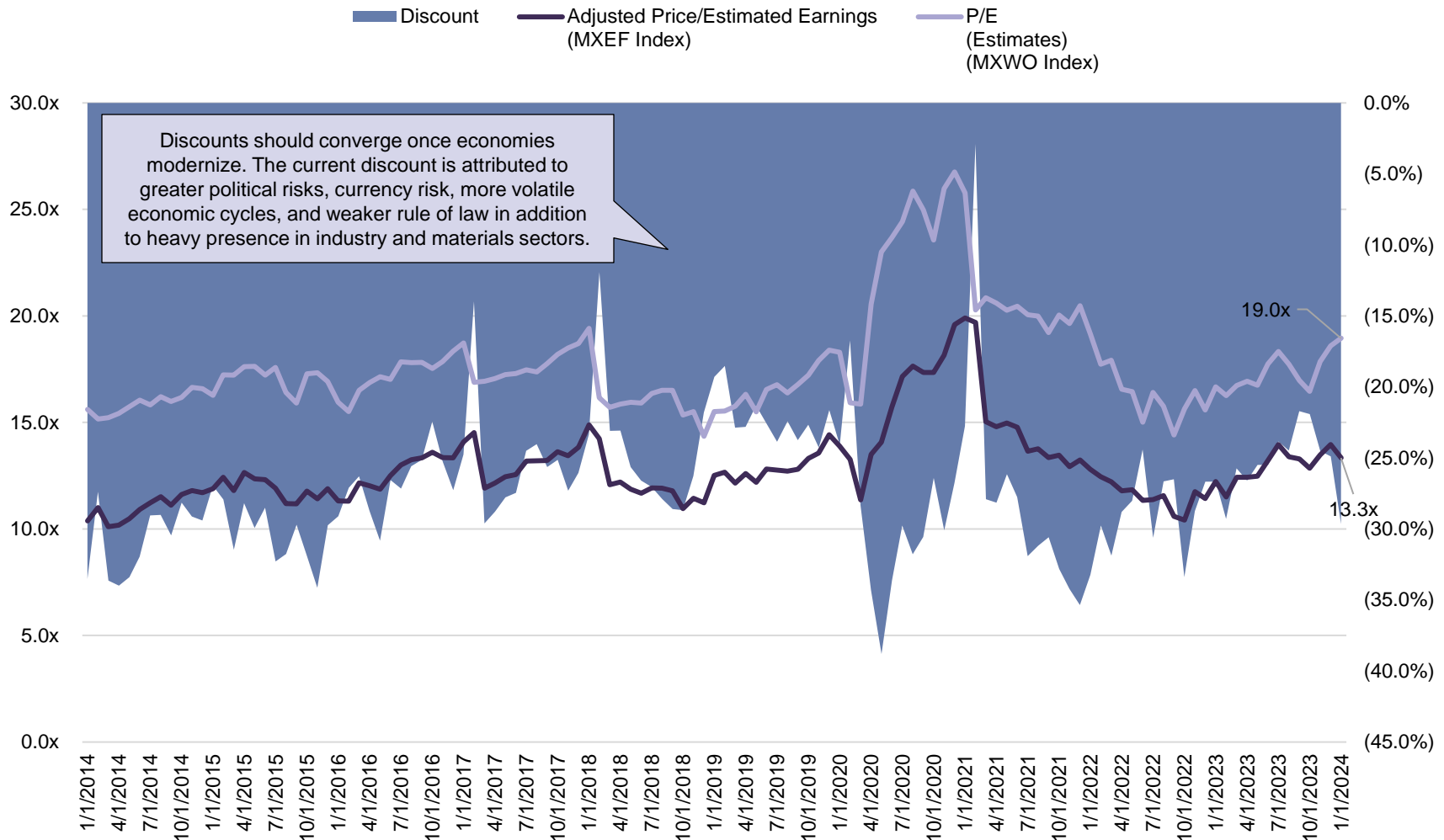
EM equities vs US equities – relative price (US\$ terms)



Source: BofA Global Investment Strategy, Bloomberg, Global Financial Data

EM Stocks are the cheapest they have been in 50+ years.

EM Stocks Are Incredibly Attractive⁽¹⁾



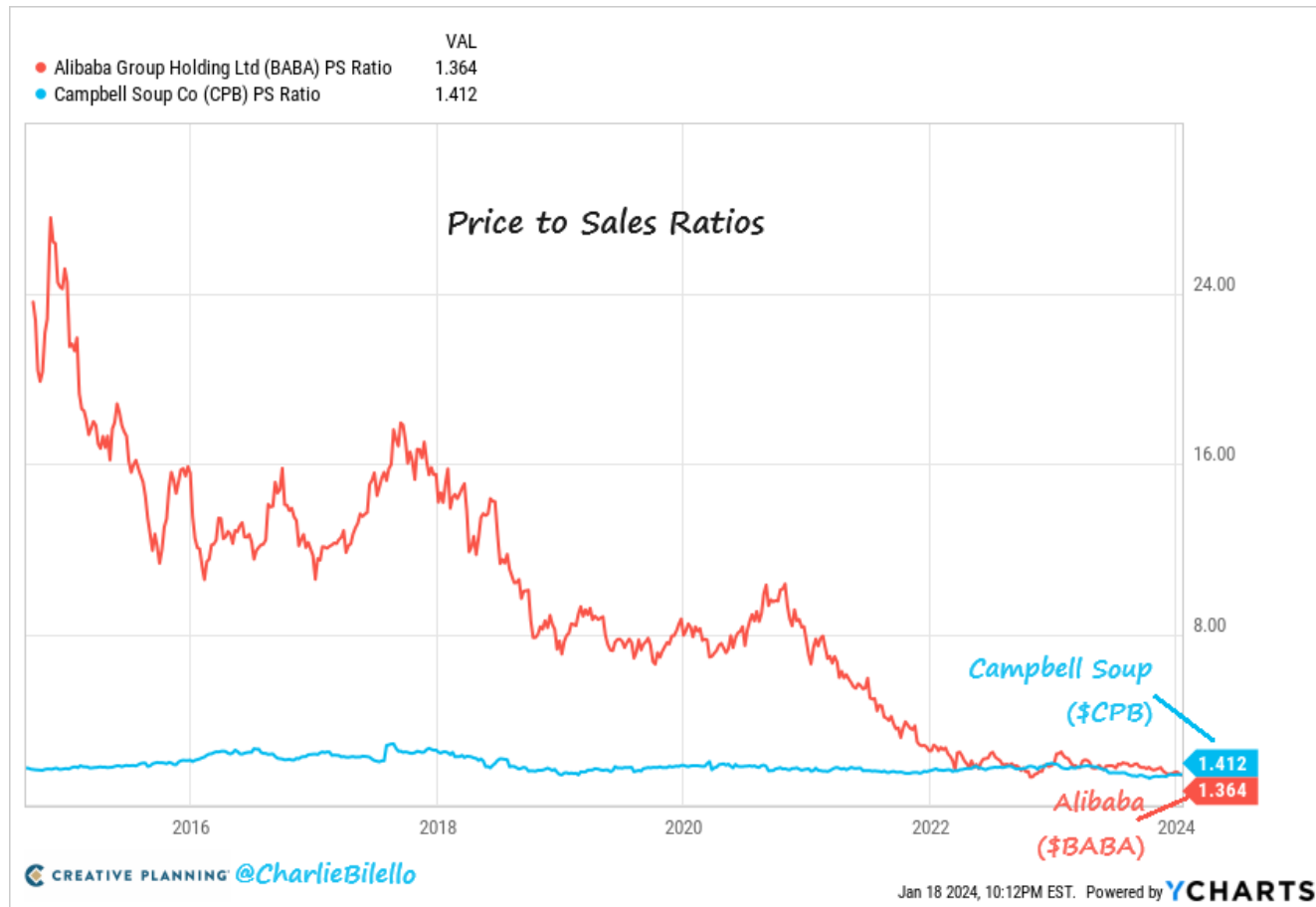
**EM Stocks have historically traded at a 27% average discount to the MSCI World Index.
Average PE of EM stock is 12.9x versus MSCI World at 17.7x.**

Some Indexes Are Incredibly Attractive⁽¹⁾



The Hang Seng Index's P/E is now below the Nasdaq's P/B. Those two valuation ratios should not even be anywhere close one another. There are incredible opportunities

Some Stocks Are Incredibly Attractive⁽¹⁾



Ali baba trades at a P/S ratio as low as Cambell's soup, but instead of selling soups, Baba has one of the largest cloud computing franchises in the world with over \$11B USD of revenue and growing at a healthy rate

Disclaimer

If these materials contain a summary of indicative valuations or returns, they should be viewed as an outline intended for discussion purposes only. The material contained herein is provided for information purposes only and should not be relied upon as a basis for investment decisions. It is not intended as investment, financial, legal, accounting, tax or other advice and it does not constitute, either explicitly or implicitly, any provision of services or products by Mark Chaboryk. All statements made regarding companies or securities are strictly beliefs and points of view held by Letko Brosseau and are not endorsements or recommendations by Letko Brosseau to buy, sell or hold any security.

While every measure has been taken to ensure the accuracy of the information, Letko Brosseau or his affiliates do not guarantee the accuracy or completeness of this material. Any information or materials which are provided or maintained by a third party are provided “as is”. Letko Brosseau will not be responsible in any manner for direct, indirect, or special damages, howsoever caused, arising out of the use of this information or material.

Letko Brosseau does not provide tax, accounting or legal advice. Any discussion of tax matters in these materials (i) is not intended to be used, and cannot be used or relied upon, for the purposes of avoiding any tax penalties and (ii) may have been written in connection with the “promotion or marketing” of the investment or matter described herein. Accordingly, the recipient should seek advice based on its particular circumstances from an independent tax consultant and financial advisor.